

Reg. No.:

Name :



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**TERM END EXAMINATIONS (TEE) – December 2021**

<b>Programme</b>	<b>B.Tech. (All branches)</b>	<b>Semester</b>	<b>Fall 2021-22</b>
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>Introduction to Computational Chemistry</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CHY1005</b>
<b>Faculty Name</b>	<b>Dr. Sumit Mittal</b>	<b>Slot / Class No</b>	<b>A11+A12+A13/0324</b>
<b>Time</b>	<b>1½ hours</b>	<b>Max. Marks</b>	<b>50</b>

**Answer ALL the Questions**

<b>Q. No.</b>	<b>Question Description</b>	<b>Marks</b>
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**PART - A – (3 x 10 = 30 Marks)**

**1** (a) Solve the following and report the result to the correct number of significant figures: **10**

(i)  $\frac{4.625}{1.9} + \frac{1.72325}{0.125} + \frac{14.625}{0.235}$

(ii)  $(0.152 \times 10^{-3}) + (5.14 \times 10^{-2}) + (4.090 \times 10^{-1})$

(iii)  $(1.01 \times 10^{-3}) - (1.6 \times 10^{-5}) - (0.0412 \times 10^{-4})$

(iv)  $2.13 \times 6.634 \times 10^{-34}$

**OR**

(b) Considering all species in their first excited state, calculate the electronic energy for the following reaction:  $\text{He}^{2+} + \text{H} \rightarrow \text{He}^+ + \text{H}^+$  **10**

**2** (a) Consider one mole of an ideal gas that occupies 2 L at 5 atm. This gas is transformed to a state where it occupies 6 L at 5 atm. The gas is further taken to a state where it occupies 6 L at 2 atm. Calculate the work involved in this two-step transformation. **10**

**OR**

(b) “Hydrogen bond is a special type of dipole-dipole forces and are unusually strong”. Justify the statement. Discuss the importance of hydrogen bonding for the structure of proteins. **10**

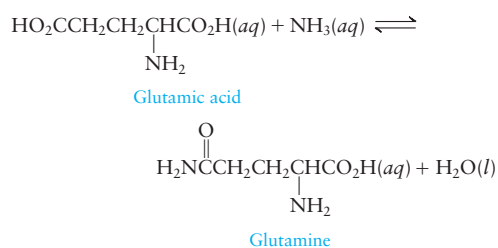
- 3 (a) Discuss, in detail, the various terms that are included in a molecular mechanics based potential energy function. 10

**OR**

- (b) Enumerate the steps involved in performing molecular dynamics simulation of a chemical system. Discuss the factors that you need to keep in mind while setting up a simulation. 10

**Part - B – (2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**

- 4 (i) ATP is the main source of energy for most cellular processes. When the cell needs energy, ATP undergoes hydrolysis to lose one phosphate and is converted into ADP. The  $\Delta H^\circ$  for the hydrolysis is  $-24 \text{ kJ/mol}$  and the  $\Delta G^\circ$  is  $-30 \text{ kJ/mol}$ . Calculate the  $\Delta S^\circ$  and  $K$  for this reaction at  $25^\circ \text{C}$ . 10
- (ii) When a human being eats chicken, glutamic acid present in chicken is metabolized to glutamine. The  $\Delta H^\circ$  for this reaction is  $17 \text{ kJ/mol}$  and the  $\Delta S^\circ$  is  $10 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$ . Calculate the  $\Delta G^\circ$  and  $K$  for this reaction at  $25^\circ \text{C}$ . Comment on the spontaneity of the reaction.



If nonspontaneous, suggest a method via which the cell can metabolize glutamic acid to generate fuel for different processes.

- 5 The emission spectrum for a hydrogen-like atom is shown below. The emission spectrum lines correspond to emission for the electron from an excited state to the  $n = 2$  state. 10



- (i) Suggest the electronic transitions which correspond to lines A and B.  
(ii) Given that the wavelength of line A is  $150 \text{ nm}$ , calculate the wavelength corresponding to line B.

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